

#### Pedestrian and Cyclist Safety National Conference

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### Vulnerable Road Users: Pedestrian and Cycle injuries in the ACT

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### **Vulnerable Road Users**

#### Annual Road Fatalities - Australia

- The good news is that we are getting better
- From a peak of 22% of road deaths in 1994, vulnerable road users now make up only 16% of a much smaller total
- Statistically safe to conclude improvement



### **Situation in the ACT**

**Annual Road Fatalities - ACT** 

- No "smooth lines" on the graph – 2% of pop
- Small numbers mean high variability, difficulty with trends
- More detailed data is required to reach any conclusion at all
- 5y: 1/190 bike deaths
- 5y: 13/1404 pedestrian



## Situation in the ACT

- The Federal Police collect statistics on every crash in the ACT:
  - Site, Vehicles, Nature of Crash, Conditions
  - Some by Officers, some by public report
- Injuries according to international definitions
  - "Fatal"
  - "Admitted to Hospital"
  - "Required Medical Attention but not admitted"
  - "No Injury"



#### Situation in the ACT

- All serious trauma in the ACT is managed in one hospital The Canberra Hospital (TCH)
- Minor injuries are managed in many centres
- TCH collects extensive medical data
  - Demographics, Diagnosis & Injury Codes, Procedures, Length of Stay, Clinical Outcome

#### Flaws in existing measures

- Significant operational constraints
- Unless Police attend, reliant on public report
- Unless Police attend hospital, reliant on estimation of injury at scene
- Little hospital record of crash details
- Hospital obliged to take Blood Alcohol, but not obliged to even note in which State crash occurred



#### What do we know?

- According to the Police database, over two years 2002-2003 there were:
  - 23207 reported crashes
  - 215 classified as "Struck Pedestrian" crashes (3 deaths)
  - 10 classified one or more vehicles as bicycle (no deaths)
  - In 143, word "Bicycle" found in the free text notes
- This alone suggests gross under-reporting of bicycle injuries
- Same phenomenon seen with motorcycle crashes
  Unless insurance involved, no incentive to report

#### What do we know?

- In the same period, The Canberra Hospital treated 74 struck pedestrians apparently from ACT
- Recorded 430 bicycle-related presentations, although occurrence on roadway not well documented, and 142 aged under 14

Crash Type 2002 - 2003	Police Crashes	ED Presentation
Struck Pedestrian	215	74
<b>Bicycle involved</b>	153	430

#### AIM

- To describe relevant findings of road trauma data matching and amalgamation in the ACT
- NRMA-ACT Road Safety Trust has funded amalgamation of Police and Hospital Databases covering 2001-2003
- Data on pedestrian and cyclist injuries 2002-3



## METHODS



- Retrospective descriptive study of routinely collected Police and Hospital trauma data covering all road crashes in the ACT 2002-3
- Automated computer name matching and manual search/audit were used to identify the relevant crash record (if any within 7 days) for each injury case treated in The Canberra Hospital ED
- Data were de-identified after matching

## METHODS

- Crashes were classified by the most severe outcome
  - Death
  - Admission to Hospital >7 days
  - Admission to Hospital <7 days</p>
  - Admitted to Hospital Overnight
  - Seen in Emergency Department and Discharged



#### **Results - Cyclists**

- 46 reported crashes matched to ED presentations
- 47 patients, 2 presented twice
- 1 (bike-bike) crash resulted in 2 patients
- Another 374 presentations by 365 patients, presumed to be one per crash

# Crash Type

Bicycle Crash Type 2002 - 2003	Presentations	
Single Bike – likely on-road	236	
Single Bike – Definite Off-Road	101	
<b>Motor Vehicle vs Bike</b>	51	
Struck Object	8	
Struck Pedestrian	4	
Other	23	

### **Bicycle Age Distribution**

- The Off-Road vs On-Road difference is problematic
- Obvious that it is the children and young people involved in single-bike crashes
- Colliding with a vehicle is a disease of 30-50yo
- Exposure data useful



#### **Results - Pedestrians**

- Total 76 cases in hospital records
- 3 actually happened in NSW
- 66 were valid ACT pedestrian struck cases
- 7 were not public roads (driveways, carparks)
  - 4 Police Reports
  - 3 admissions, 1 >7 days
- 1 Case not in hospital records
  - Death, taken to nearest hospital

### **Pedestrian Deaths**

- 3 on ATSB "FATALS"
- Small jurisdiction makes confidentiality hard
- Our reading is:
  - 1 Female Minor genuine "Pedestrian Struck"
  - 1 Male Intoxicated "Fall from Moving Vehicle"
  - 1 Male "Suicide by Car"
- For these purposes, stay with higher authority

#### APR JUN DEC Tue 15:00 TO 15:59 29 16:00 TO 16:59 13 DataSource: Australian Transport Safety Bureau Speed Limits: All States: ACT Crash Types: Pedestrian Ages: All Gender: All

Road Users: All Hours of the day: All Davs of the week: All Articulated Truck Involved: Either Bus Involved: Either

Number of Fatalities

#### Between 01/01/2002 and 31/12/2003

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#### **Pedestrians**

- 3 deaths, 29 admissions and 35 presentations consistent with expectations
- About 10 serious, 10 minor for each death
- High admission rate 29/67 = 43%
  - Compared to 22% for all road trauma in database
- High Acuity 609 beddays 29 patients

#### **Pedestrian Outcomes**

Pedestrian Trauma	Total	Police Report
Deaths (1 admission 1 day)	3	3
Admitted >7 days (mean 47)	12	?11
Admitted <7 days (mean 4)	11	11
Admitted Overnight	5	5
ED & Discharged (1 admitted private)	36	30
Total (1 Bicycle, Rest Motorised)	67	60

#### Outcomes

Crash Type 2002 - 2003	ED Only	0-1 Day	<=7d	>7d	Died
Single Bike – likely on-road	195	3	38	0	0
Single Bike – Off-Road	75	2	21	3	0
Motor Vehicle vs Bike	28	1	13	9	0
Struck Object	5	1	2	0	0
Struck Pedestrian	3	0	1	0	0
Other	14	3	6	0	0
<b>BICYCLE TOTAL</b>	320	10	81	12	0
Pedestrians	36	5	11	12	3

#### **Outcomes by age - Pedestrians**

- Despite small numbers, evidence of bimodal distribution of serious
- Unimodal distribution of crashes



#### **Outcomes by age - Bicycles**

- People over 70 don't ride
- Strongly Unimodal incidence
- Although no fatalities, serious injury spread 10-60y



## **Burden of Injury – Bed-Days**

#### Obvious limitation

- Deaths use few bed-days
- Indicator of one cost to community
- Despite vast difference in raw numbers, bed day use similar
   between two groups
  - Pedestrians 609 (mean 21 if any)
  - Cyclists 536 (mean 5 if any)



#### Conclusions

- This study provides powerful methodology for describing the burden of road injury
- Vulnerable Road Users in hospital have similar outcome patterns to other road users
  - But longer LOS amongst the long stay patients suggests worse outcomes
  - Despite many more cyclists, "burden of injury comparable with pedestrians"
- Small numbers mean long time still needed for these groups





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